NPCA 1-84

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR COATINGS, RESINS AND RELATED MATERIALS

(Approved by U.S. Dept. of Labor "Essentially Similar" to Form OSHA-20

SECTION-I

Manufacturer's Name

: Sikkens Aerospace Finishes Division

Akzo Coatings America, Inc.

Street Address

: 20846 S. Normandie Avenue

City, State and ZIP code: Torrance, California 90502

Emergency Telephone No.: (213) 320 6800

Product Class

: Aliphatic Isocyanate

Manufacturer's code

: X-310A

Trade Name

: X-310A Catalyst

S	ECTION II-H	AZARDOU.	S INGR	EDIENTS			
		Pct.					Vapor
Hazardous Ingredients	CAS-Nr.	by wt.	T	LV	P:	EL	Press.
]		1 -	mqq	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
Xylene	1330-20-7	10-15	100	435	100	435	7
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	10-15	150	710	150	710	8
Hexamethylene diiso-	822-06-0	Max	0.02	NE	NE	NE	70.5
cyanate (HDI)		1.2					, , , ,
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NE = Not Established							<u> </u>
SECTION III-PHYSICAL DATA							
Boiling range : 259 - 281 deg. F Percent volatile by volume: 30							
							f

Vapor Density :Heavier than air X

Lighter than air

Evaporation Rate :Faster than ether

Slower than ether X

Weight per gallon: 8.8

pounds

SECTION IV-FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

DOT Category: Flammable liquid

Flash point: 91 deg. F LEL: 1.0

UN-1263 Paint

TCC

OSHA Classification: Flammable liquid Class 1B

Extinguishing Media: Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemicals

Unusual fire and explosion hazards: Keep container tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions over-exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

Special fire fighting procedures: Water may be ineffective. Water should be used to cool containers exposed to fire. Fire fighting personnel should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION V-REACTIVITY DATA							
Stability: Unstable X							
Incompatability (Materials to avoid): None Reasonally Foreseeable							
Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.							
Hazardous polymerization: May occur Will not occur X							
Conditions to avoid: Not Applicable.							

SECTION VI-HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Threshold Limit Value: See section II

The following hazards have been reported to be associated with the individual components of this product. These hazards may not all be associated with the finished product:

ACUTE:

- -Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis.
- -WARNING! May cause skin sensitization or other allergic responses.
- -Prolonged or repeated contact may cause eye irritation.
- -Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness and asphyxiation.
- -Eye contact may cause severe irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision and a sensation of seeing halos around lights.
- -Vapors and fumes may be irritating to upper respiratory tract.
- -Prolonged contact with the skin may lead to extraction of natural oils with resultant mild irritation.
- -If swallowed, can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.
- -Swallowing can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

CHRONIC:

- -Chronic exposure may cause liver and kidney damage.
- -Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids and vapors of petroleum products should be minimized.
- -Overexposure to material has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans: liver abnormalities.
- -Overexposure to material has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans: cardiac abnormalities.

Medical conditions Prone to Aggravation by Exposure: None expected

Emergency and first aid procedures:

Inhalation : Move to fresh air, give artificial respiration, if

necessary.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water.

Eye Contact: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a

Physician.

Ingestion : Drink one or two glasses of water to dilute. Do not in-

duce vomiting. Consult physician or poison control centre

immediately. Treat symptomatically.

SECTION VII-SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapors. Refer to protective measures listed in Section IV, V, VI, VIII and XI. Ventilate area. Remove with inert absorbent.

Waste disposal method: Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed containers. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State and Local pollution control requirements.

Form VI

SECTION VIII-SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION

Respiratory protection: Use adequate ventilation. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator device. See your safety equipment supplier for evaluation and recommendation. In confined areas use NIOSH/MSHA approved airline respirator or hood.

Ventilation: Provide sufficient ventilation to keep vapor concentration below the given TLV and LEL value.

For baking finishes, exhaust vapors emitted on heating.

Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product.

Protective gloves: Required for prolonged or repeated contact. Refer to safety equipment supplier for effective glove recommendation.

Eye protection : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against

splash of liquids.

Other protective equipment: Eye bath and shower should be available.

Use chemical resistant apron, boots or other clothing if needed to avoid repeated or frequent skin contact. Liquid may penetrate shoes and leather causing delayed

irritation.

Hygienic Practices: Wash hands before eating, smoking or using

washroom.

SECTION IX-SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Store containers out of sun and away from heat, sparks and open flames.

Other precautions: Do not take internally. Use approved bonding and grounding procedures. Observe label precautions.

Keep closures tight and containers upright to prevent leakage.

Never use pressure to empty: drum is not a pressure vessel.

Avoid breathing sanding dust. Do not weld or flame cut an empty drum.

Do not handle until the manufacturer's safety precautions have been read and understood.

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, except that it is accurate to the best knowledge of Sikkens, a Div. of Akzo Coatings America, Inc. The data on this sheet relies only to the specific material designed herein. Akzo Coatings America assumes no legal responsibility for use or reliance upon this data.

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Form VI